

SYLLABLE

Syllable ke madhyam se hum shabdo ko padhna sikhenge. Iske kuch rules hote hai, jisse hum kisi bhi bade se bade shabd ko aasani se padh sakte hai.

e.g. (1) "English", isme do syllable hai 'Eng' aur 'lish'.

(2) "Department", isme teen syllable hai 'De', 'part' aur 'ment'.

(3) "Celebration", isme char syllable hai 'Ce', 'le', 'bra' aur 'tion'.

Har syllable mein ek vowel ka hona aavshyak hai.

Rules of Syllable:

1. Kuch shabdo ki shuruvat ya ant ek jaise letters ke samuh se hoti hai, unhe alag karte hai.

Examples: un/able, ac/tive, un/do, etc.

2. Do consonant letters ko alag kiya jata hai.

Examples: men/tal, hel/per, bot/tle, etc.

3. Kabhi bhi en letters ke combination ko nahin alag kiya jata.

Examples: th, sh, ch, ph & wh.

4. Agar ek consonant, vowel se ghira hua ho to sarvapratham consonant se shuruvat karte hai.

Examples: ba/by, ha/bit, ca/me/ra, etc.

5. Agar do vowel's letter sath ho to unhe nahin alag kiya jata hai.

Examples: blue, died, lies, etc.